

# 372 Group project

## **The Jaywalkers**

Members:

Benya Chongolnee

Matthew Kerner

Jack Bartolone

Mathew Berry

### **Description of Application and Motivation:**

The Jaywalker Music Company has assembled a database of their employees, artists, songs, albums, and sales information about the music. This database is very useful for the company in order to find ways to improve the company and make the lives of the customers and employees easier. This database will also be able to better focus on finding trends to personalize music sales. These will include looking at what customers like what kind of music, sales numbers on individual songs/artists, and things like the most popular and least popular genre of music. Creating a series of procedures, functions, and triggers to better understand the information in the database is very helpful for the company.

### **Motivation For Choosing:**

The database was a positive learning experience because it offered a real world business scenario. The database is similar to the Eagle database since it offered tables such as Employee, Customer, Music, Album and other sales information. Because it had such a broad range of information to choose from, we were not limited to small scale questions. We could think how a real world music business might think. The group was able to think of creative examples using procedures, functions, and triggers in Oracle PL/SQL. Overall the group has gotten much more comfortable with PL/SQL and we see how powerful it is in a real world business scenario.

### **Description of Tables:**

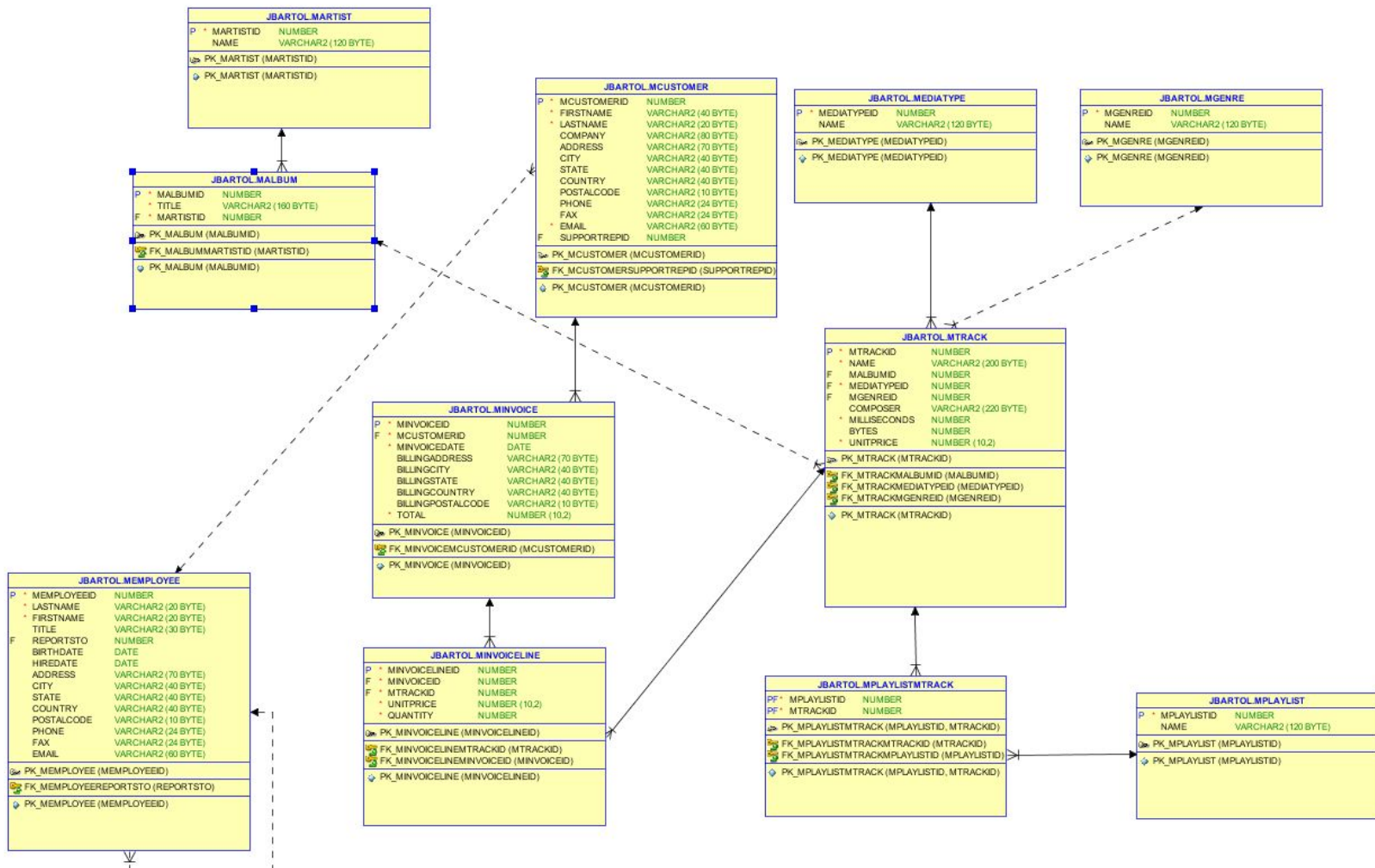
The database has an employees table, as well as a customer table. The bulk of the information in the database comes from tables related to music including album names, artist names, track names, genre, and other descriptions about the music. The database also keeps sales records for the music. The database contains 11 tables all populated with existing data. *A diagram of the database is attached in the next page.*

### **Description of Efforts:**

Everyone in the group contributed evenly in various ways based on knowledge and SQL talents. Jack was very knowledgeable in exception handling which proved very valuable. Mathew was well rounded in the syntax of procedures and was a big help to Matt and Benya. Jack and Matt did most of the revised questions after the troubles with version 1 of Milestone 2. Mathew and Matt were mostly responsible for creating the powerpoint presentation for class, while Benya took charge of making and formatting this document to ensure that all of the requirements are being met. She also do the same for the powerpoint. Overall the team worked very well in a balanced way. We all attended the meetings as assigned, and we all contribute to the project to the best of our ability.

The only major obstacle was the mystery member of Connor Wright. We discovered he joined our group on Blackboard on 11/27/2017. We would like to submit for the record that he did not contribute in any way to this project. We tried to email him regarding this issue, and we have not heard back from him. None of the group members know who this person is.

# Diagram:



## Questions & Answers:

### **/\*1. How would you count the number of songs in a genre? \*/**

/\*The company may want to know how popular a certain genre is. Unpopular genres could then be consolidated or eliminated and the popular genre can be invested more.\*/

```
CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION SongsnGenre(
    given_genre jbartol.mgenre.mgenreID%type) RETURN number IS
    GENCOUNT NUMBER;
    invalid_num exception;
BEGIN
    IF given_genre < 1 OR given_genre > 25 THEN raise invalid_num;
    END IF;
    SELECT COUNT(*) INTO gencount
    FROM jbartol.mtrack
    WHERE jbartol.mtrack.mgenreID = given_genre;
    RETURN GENCOUNT;
exception
    when invalid_num then
        dbms_output.put_line('Invalid input. Please insert ID 1-25');
        return -1;
    when others then
        dbms_output.put_line('Error');
        return -1;
END SongsnGenre;
/
select SongsnGenre(26) from dual;
```

### **/\*2. How would you create a procedure that count the amount of customers from a given state?\*/**

/\*By knowing the amount of customers from a given state, Jaywalker Music could concentrate advertising on it's most popular states.\*/

```
CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE statecustomer (
    newstate IN jbartol.mcustomer.state%TYPE
) AS
    custnum NUMBER;
    negativecustid EXCEPTION;
BEGIN
    SELECT
        COUNT(*)
```

```

INTO
    custnum
FROM
    jbartol.mcustomer
WHERE
    jbartol.mcustomer.state = newstate;

IF
    ( custnum = 0 )
THEN
    RAISE negativecustid;
END IF;
dbms_output.put_line(custnum);
EXCEPTION
    WHEN negativecustid THEN
        dbms_output.put_line('No customers live in this state!');
END statecustomer;

```

**/\*3. How would you create a procedure to print the top three selling artists by quantity sold? \*/**

/\*Jaywalker Music could set a minimum sales threshold and any songs performing below this level could be cut from the library. This procedure allows them to get that data.\*/

```

CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE artisttop (
    given_amount INTEGER
) AS

    artistname jbartol.mtrack.composer%TYPE;
    artistqty jbartol.minvoiceline.quantity%TYPE;
    CURSOR best_artists IS SELECT
        composer,
        SUM(quantity)
    FROM
        jbartol.minvoiceline a
    INNER JOIN jbartol.mtrack b ON a.mtrackid = b.mtrackid
    WHERE
        composer IS NOT NULL
    GROUP BY
        composer
    ORDER BY
        SUM(quantity) DESC;

```

```

BEGIN
  OPEN best_artists;
  FETCH best_artists INTO artistname,artistqty;
  FOR i IN 1..given_amount LOOP
    dbms_output.put_line(artistname
      || ' '
      || artistqty);
    FETCH best_artists INTO artistname,artistqty;
  END LOOP;

END artisttop;
/
BEGIN
  artisttop(6);
END;

```

**/\* 4. How would you create a procedure to allow the renaming of state of the state of all employees?\*/**

/\*The Jaywalker Music often uses tax loopholes in various states. To avoid lawsuits, they are constantly moving headquarters. This procedure would allow the company to easily change the home state of employees.\*/

```

CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE setstate (
  input1 IN jbartol.mememployee.state%TYPE,
  input2 IN jbartol.mememployee.state%TYPE
)
IS
BEGIN
  UPDATE jbartol.mememployee
  SET
    state = input1
  WHERE
    state = input2;

EXCEPTION
  WHEN storage_error THEN
    dbms_output.put_line('Could not adjust. Storage error or corruption has
occurred');
  WHEN OTHERS THEN
    dbms_output.put_line('Other error');
END setstate;
/
Begin

```

```
setState('AB','ZZ');  
End;
```

***/\* 5. How would you create a procedure to add a new employee first and last name?\*/***

*/\*Jaywalker Music is constantly hiring new employees. Having an easy way to populate the data would improve efficiency by speeding up the process.\*/*

```
CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE hireEmployee(fName IN  
JBARTOL.mememployee.FirstName%type, lName IN  
JBARTOL.mememployee.LastName%type) is  
Begin  
Insert into JBARTOL.mememployee(mememployeeID,Firstname,Lastname)  
VALUES ((select MAX(mEMPLOYEEID)+1 from  
JBARTOL.mEmployee),fName,lName);  
End;  
/  
Begin  
hireEmployee('Mathew','Berry');  
End;
```

***/\* 6. How would you create a procedure to remove all songs by a particular artist?\*/***

*/\*Artists are constantly leaving Jaywalker Music. This procedure makes it easy for the company to remove the artist, saving the company the embarrassment and storage space\*/*

```
CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE artistDelete(iArtistName in  
JBARTOL.mtrack.composer%Type) as  
Begin  
Delete  
from JBARTOL.mtrack where composer = iArtistName;  
exception  
when no_data_found then  
dbms_output.put_line('No artist found');  
when others then  
dbms_output.put_line('Other error');  
End;  
/  
Begin  
artistDelete('Billy Cobham');  
End;
```

***/\* 7. How would you create a procedure to search for customers, and display their first and last name is the customer is found\*/***

/\*The billing department needs an easy way to search for customers to send debt collectors after them. They must ensure that the customer do exist in the database first.\*/

```
CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE customersearch (  
    newcustid IN jbartol.mcustomer.mcustomerid%TYPE  
) AS
```

```
    firsttemp jbartol.mcustomer.firstname%TYPE;  
    lasttemp jbartol.mcustomer.lastname%TYPE;  
    CURSOR custsearch IS SELECT  
        firstname,  
        lastname  
        FROM  
        jbartol.mcustomer  
        WHERE  
        mcustomerid = newcustid;
```

```
BEGIN  
    OPEN custsearch;  
    FETCH custsearch INTO firsttemp,lasttemp;  
    WHILE ( custsearch%found ) LOOP  
        dbms_output.put_line(firsttemp  
        || '  
        || lasttemp);  
        FETCH custsearch INTO firsttemp,lasttemp;  
    END LOOP;
```

```
END customersearch;
```

```
EXECUTE customersearch('2');
```

**/\*8. How would you create a trigger for when an unauthorized user tries to insert, update, or delete from any of the tables?\*/**

/\*The CEO's nephew often hacks his laptop and tries to modify the database. The company needs an easy way to block this unauthorized access\*/

```
CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER unauthorized_alteration_mcustomer  
BEFORE
```

```
    INSERT OR  
    UPDATE OR  
    DELETE ON jbartol.mcustomer DECLARE  
    Allowed NUMBER;  
    BEGIN
```



```

IF inserting THEN
/*Check if allowed*/
SELECT COUNT(*)
INTO allowed
FROM user_tab_privs
WHERE (grantee =
(SELECT USER FROM dual
)
OR grantor =
(SELECT USER FROM dual
))
AND table_name = 'MCUSTOMER'
AND privilege = 'INSERT';
IF Allowed = 0 THEN
raise_application_error(-20001, 'Unauthorized insertion on mcustomer
table');

END IF;
ELSIF updating THEN
/*Check if allowed*/
SELECT COUNT(*)
INTO allowed
FROM user_tab_privs
WHERE (grantee =
(SELECT USER FROM dual
)
OR grantor =
(SELECT USER FROM dual
))
AND table_name = 'MCUSTOMER'
AND privilege = 'UPDATE';
IF Allowed = 0 THEN
raise_application_error(-20002, 'Unauthorized updating on mcustomer
table');

END IF;
ELSIF deleting THEN
/*Check if allowed*/
SELECT COUNT(*)
INTO allowed
FROM user_tab_privs
WHERE (grantee =
(SELECT USER FROM dual
)
OR grantor =

```

```

        (SELECT USER FROM dual
        ))
        AND table_name = 'MCUSTOMER'
        AND privilege = 'DELETE';
        IF Allowed = 0 THEN
            raise_application_error(-20003, 'Unauthorized deletion on mcustomer
table');
        END IF;
        END IF;
    END;

```

**/\* 9. How would one create a procedure to raise or lower the cost of all songs by a desired percentage? \*/**

/\*Sales are plummeting and the company needs an easy way to mark down song prices. In order to create more revenue, the company wants to put songs on sale to attract customer. This procedure would be the most efficient way to liquidate assets.\*/

```

CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE song_Price_Adjust(
    input_decimal IN number)
IS
    invalid_input exception;
BEGIN
    if not regexp_like(input_decimal, '^-\d+(\.\d+)?\d+$' ) then
        raise invalid_input;
    else
        UPDATE jbartol.mtrack SET unitprice = unitprice * (input_decimal/100);
    end if;
    exception
    when invalid_input then
        dbms_output.put_line('Invalid input. Please input a float value');
    when others then
        dbms_output.put_line('Unhandled error');
END song_Price_Adjust;
/
execute song_price_adjust(150);
/
select unitprice
from jbartol.mtrack;

```

**/\*10. How would you create a procedure to update customer names in the database?\*/**

/\*Customers are often getting married and they sometimes request to get their last name changed. This procedure would make it easy for employees to keep the last names up to date\*/

```

CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION update_name(
    originalname IN jbartol.mcustomer.lastname%type,
    newname     IN jbartol.mcustomer.lastname%type)
return jbartol.mcustomer.lastname%type is
reply jbartol.mcustomer.lastname%type;
BEGIN
    UPDATE jbartol.mcustomer
    SET lastname = newname
    where lastname = originalname;
    reply := 'Updated '|| originalname || ' to ' || newname;
    return reply;
exception
    when no_data_found then
        return 'The name do not exist in the database';
    when others then
        return 'Other error';
END update_name;
/
begin
dbms_output.put_line(update_name('Helena', 'Helen'));
end;

```

## **Employee Package:**

```

CREATE OR REPLACE PACKAGE pkg_employee
IS
    --hire employee
    PROCEDURE hireEmployee(
        fName IN JBARTOL.mememployee.FirstName%type,
        IName IN JBARTOL.mememployee.LastName%type);
    --change employee state
    PROCEDURE setState(
        input1 IN JBARTOL.mememployee.state%type,
        input2 IN JBARTOL.mememployee.state%type);
END pkg_employee;
/
CREATE OR REPLACE PACKAGE body pkg_employee
IS
    -- hire employee
    PROCEDURE hireEmployee(

```

```

        fName IN JBARTOL.mememployee.FirstName%type,
        IName IN JBARTOL.mememployee.LastName%type)
IS
BEGIN
    INSERT
    INTO JBARTOL.mememployee
    (
        mememployeeID,
        Firstname,
        Lastname
    )
    VALUES
    (
        (SELECT MAX(mEMPLOYEEID)+1 FROM JBARTOL.mEmployee
        )
        ,
        fName,
        IName
    );
END;
--change employee state
PROCEDURE setState
(
    input1 IN JBARTOL.mememployee.state%type,
    input2 IN JBARTOL.mememployee.state%type
)
IS
BEGIN
    UPDATE JBARTOL.MEMPLOYEE SET STATE = INPUT1 WHERE STATE =
INPUT2;
    END setState;
END pkg_employee;

```